

## THE WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS

A BRIEF RECORD OF PASSING EVENTS IN THIS AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

## IN LATE DISPATCHES

DOINGS AND HAPPENINGS THAT MARK THE PROGRESS OF THE AGE.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

### ABOUT THE WAR

Austrians admit crushing defeat by Russians and retreat of five miles on Galician front.

On the Trentino front the Italians report continued successes against the Austrians.

Hundreds of aeroplanes are acting in the Somme offensive and numerous aerial battles are taking place.

Bombardments are in progress along the front held by the British and important infantry movements are developing.

The battle of Verdun is proceeding with undiminished fury. Germans retake Thiaumont work for fourth time after massed attack.

London reports "substantial progress" by the British troops, although the Germans recaptured some positions which they had lost.

Signal successes on the eastern front over the Austro-German armies are reported by Petrograd. Teuton losses since the drive began now are officially estimated at 500,000 men.

The French, continuing their steady hammering at the Germans, have captured all the enemy's second-line trenches on a six-mile front near the Somme. Two more towns were captured.

The gains of the British and French on first day of great drive were: Drove Germans from four strongly fortified towns and captured every first line trench over a front of sixteen miles; hammered wedge five miles deep through strongest portion of German lines, scattering enemy in headlong flight. Captured a large number of second line German trenches; pounded German trenches as far as the third line into a mass of debris following a seven-day bombardment; surrounded the formidable German position in the town of Fricourt, hemming in the garrison. French troops recapture Thiaumont work at Verdun and village of Curlu, mortars razing German trenches on the Somme.

Western national guardsmen were joining their brother militiamen from the states beyond the Rockies at the military base camps scattered along the Mexican border. Detachments of Oregon, California and Utah soldiers have already arrived at the international line and southbound troop trains are leaving the various mobilization camps daily.

Bobby Burns of Dallas, Tex., outpointed Jimmy Murphy of St. Louis in a twelve-round bout at St. Louis. They weighed in at 110 pounds.

Jack Dillon of Indianapolis knocked out Jim Flynn, Pueblo fireman, in the fourth round of their scheduled fifteen-round bout at Dewey, Okla.

Freddie Welsh, world's champion lightweight, has accepted an offer of \$17,500 for a twenty-round decision battle for the championship before the Colorado Springs Athletic Club on Labor Day.

E. R. Highfill of Tucson won the Douglas-Tucson motorcycle race, 140 miles, via Benson, Bisbee and Tucson. He negotiated the distance in 3 hours 25 minutes and 45 seconds, over particularly rough roads.

After being openly fouled in the third round of his scheduled fifteen-round bout with Ad Wolgast at the Stockyards Stadium in Denver, Champion Freddie Welsh won the decision on a foul delivered in the eleventh round of the fight.

Jack Coffey, former manager of the Denver club of the Western league now playing shortstop for the Oakland team of the Pacific Coast league, suffered a fractured skull at Oakland, Cal., when he was hit in the head by a pitched ball.

Harold Brinker won the second annual automobile road race from Denver to Laramie. He made the 122 miles in 2 hours 55 minutes and 10 seconds, clipping thirty-three minutes off the former record. Dr. D. B. Southard finished second; Sam Marcus, third; Baxter Barle, fourth, and Heinie Jones, fifth.

William Hale Thompson, mayor of Chicago and former cowboy, who was guest of honor at the cowboys' reunion at Las Vegas, N. M., led the grand march at the big range ball.

Violence was threatened the Mexican residents of Vinita, Okla., by a mob of 500 citizens enraged by reports that a Mexican waiter had slapped the face of a small American boy.

Three cases of the dreaded infantile paralysis, which is sweeping New York and which also has broken out in the vicinity of Springfield, Ill., have been discovered in Chicago by inspectors under John Dill Robertson, health commissioner.

The central army division at Chicago announced the discovery of a case of smallpox in the Wyoming mobilization camp at Cheyenne. Though no danger of the disease breaking out in other camps is felt, precautions have been taken in all mobilization camps.

Louis W. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, was appointed administrator of the estate of his father, James J. Hill. Judge Baselle of the Probate Court made the administrator's bond at \$200,000. The value of the estate is considerably in excess of the \$10,350,000.

This year's cotton crop was forecast at 14,265,000 bales by the Department of Agriculture.

A Census Bureau table estimates the number of able-bodied men of military age in the United States as about 21,000,000.

The Senate defeated the item in the agricultural appropriation bill calling for the distribution of seeds by the government on congressional frank.

Estimates made by the Department of Agriculture put the 1916 beet sugar crop acreage at 768,500 acres. This is 104,200 more than in 1915 and 254,000 more than in 1914.

President Wilson has appointed John Robert Espey and Josiah Newhall Hall of Colorado and Willard Clyde Foster of Wyoming as first lieutenants of the medical reserve corps.

## FOREIGN

A great German victory over the Russians is reported from Galicia.

A violent earthquake at Caltanissetta, Sicily, causing the deaths of nearly 300 persons, is reported in a dispatch from Rome.

The King has decided to confer a peerage on Sir Edward Grey, secretary of foreign affairs, according to the London Daily Chronicle.

The Danish steamer Flora, bound for England, has been captured off Elsinore by a German destroyer. The steamer was taken to Swinemunde.

Russian torpedo boats destroyed fifty-four enemy sailing vessels in the Black Sea near the Anatolian coast on June 29, says an official Petrograd statement.

Sir Ernest Shackleton, the Antarctic explorer, arrived at Punta Arenas, Chile, which is the most southerly town in the world, situated on the Strait of Magellan.

Revised estimates made at Honolulu by the Chamber of Commerce on the probable sugar crop of the Hawaiian islands for 1916, was materially lower than figures given out previously.

The hearing of the appeal of Sir Roger Casement, who on June 29 was found guilty of high treason and sentenced to death for complicity in the Irish rebellion, has been fixed for July 17.

Gen. Ignacio Rames was killed in a fierce and bloody battle that raged at Corral ranch, fifteen miles southwest of Jimenez, between a small force of the de facto troops and several regiments of Villistas. Both sides suffered heavy losses.

The Mexican government has decided to establish three new legations in Central America. One will have charge of Mexican interests in Costa Rica and Honduras, a second will represent Mexico in Salvador and Nicaragua, and a third will be established in Guatemala.

Western national guardsmen were joining their brother militiamen from the states beyond the Rockies at the military base camps scattered along the Mexican border. Detachments of Oregon, California and Utah soldiers have already arrived at the international line and southbound troop trains are leaving the various mobilization camps daily.

Bobby Burns of Dallas, Tex., outpointed Jimmy Murphy of St. Louis in a twelve-round bout at St. Louis. They weighed in at 110 pounds.

Jack Dillon of Indianapolis knocked out Jim Flynn, Pueblo fireman, in the fourth round of their scheduled fifteen-round bout at Dewey, Okla.

Freddie Welsh, world's champion lightweight, has accepted an offer of \$17,500 for a twenty-round decision battle for the championship before the Colorado Springs Athletic Club on Labor Day.

E. R. Highfill of Tucson won the Douglas-Tucson motorcycle race, 140 miles, via Benson, Bisbee and Tucson. He negotiated the distance in 3 hours 25 minutes and 45 seconds, over particularly rough roads.

After being openly fouled in the third round of his scheduled fifteen-round bout with Ad Wolgast at the Stockyards Stadium in Denver, Champion Freddie Welsh won the decision on a foul delivered in the eleventh round of the fight.

Jack Coffey, former manager of the Denver club of the Western league now playing shortstop for the Oakland team of the Pacific Coast league, suffered a fractured skull at Oakland, Cal., when he was hit in the head by a pitched ball.

Harold Brinker won the second annual automobile road race from Denver to Laramie. He made the 122 miles in 2 hours 55 minutes and 10 seconds, clipping thirty-three minutes off the former record. Dr. D. B. Southard finished second; Sam Marcus, third; Baxter Barle, fourth, and Heinie Jones, fifth.

William Hale Thompson, mayor of Chicago and former cowboy, who was guest of honor at the cowboys' reunion at Las Vegas, N. M., led the grand march at the big range ball.

Violence was threatened the Mexican residents of Vinita, Okla., by a mob of 500 citizens enraged by reports that a Mexican waiter had slapped the face of a small American boy.

Three cases of the dreaded infantile paralysis, which is sweeping New York and which also has broken out in the vicinity of Springfield, Ill., have been discovered in Chicago by inspectors under John Dill Robertson, health commissioner.

The central army division at Chicago announced the discovery of a case of smallpox in the Wyoming mobilization camp at Cheyenne. Though no danger of the disease breaking out in other camps is felt, precautions have been taken in all mobilization camps.

Louis W. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, was appointed administrator of the estate of his father, James J. Hill. Judge Baselle of the Probate Court made the administrator's bond at \$200,000. The value of the estate is considerably in excess of the \$10,350,000.

This year's cotton crop was forecast at 14,265,000 bales by the Department of Agriculture.

A Census Bureau table estimates the number of able-bodied men of military age in the United States as about 21,000,000.

The Senate defeated the item in the agricultural appropriation bill calling for the distribution of seeds by the government on congressional frank.

Estimates made by the Department of Agriculture put the 1916 beet sugar crop acreage at 768,500 acres. This is 104,200 more than in 1915 and 254,000 more than in 1914.

President Wilson has appointed John Robert Espey and Josiah Newhall Hall of Colorado and Willard Clyde Foster of Wyoming as first lieutenants of the medical reserve corps.

## LATE MARKET QUOTATIONS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

### DENVER MARKETS.

Cattle.

Steers (pulp and grain fed), good to choice, \$3.00@3.55

Steers (pulp and grain fed), fair to good, 2.55@3.00

Steers, hay fed, 2.00@2.25

Heifers, prime, 2.75@3.25

Cows (pulp and grain fed), good to choice, 2.25@2.50

Cows (pulp and grain fed), fair to good, 2.00@2.25

Cows, grassers (good), 2.25@2.50

Cows, grassers (fair), 2.00@2.25

Cows, canners, 1.75@2.25

Veal calves, 3.00@3.50

Bulls, 2.75@3.50

Feeders and stockers, good choice, 2.75@3.00

Feeders and stockers, fair, 2.50@2.75

Good Hogs, \$3.50@3.50

Sheep.

Lamb, spring, \$3.00@3.50

Ewes, 2.00@2.50

Wethers, 2.00@2.50

Yearlings, 2.25@2.75

HAY AND GRAIN MARKET.

E. O. B. Denver, Carload Price.

Hay.

Buying Prices.

Colorado upland, per ton, 12.00@12.50

Nebraska upland, per ton, 12.00@12.50

Second bottom Colorado, 11.00@12.00

Timothy, per ton, 18.00@18.50

Alfalfa, per ton, 11.00@12.00

South Park, choice, per ton, 17.50@18.00

San Luis Valley, per ton, 13.00@14.00

Gunnison Valley, per ton, 15.00@16.00

Straw, per ton, 4.50

Grain.

Wheat, ch. mill, 100 lbs., buying, 1.42

Rye, Colo., bulk, 100 lbs., buying, 1.20

Idaho oats, bulk, buying, 1.50

Colorado oats, bulk, buying, 1.35

Corn chop, sack, selling, 1.55

Corn in sack, selling, 1.54

Bran, Colorado, per 100 lbs., selling, 1.15

Flour.

Selling Prices.

Standard Colorado, net—\$2.40

Dressed Poultry.

Less 10 Per Cent Commission.

Turkeys, fancy D. P., 22 @26

Turkeys, old toms, 22 @24

Turkeys, choice, 12 @13

Hens, fancy, 16 @17

Broilers, lb., 20 @21

Ducks, young, 16 @18

Geese, 12 @14

Roosters, 10 @12

## ADVANTAGES IN SQUARE DESIGN

Sensible Way to Build, Since for One Thing It Solves the Heating Problem.

### MANY OTHER GOOD POINTS

Construction of House Shown in Illustration Allows a Large Airy Basement—Inside Arrangements Have All Been Carefully Planned.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

Probably the most economical house design for the northern sections of the country is a square built two-story house with a good basement. It is a good, sensible way to build, and it solves the heating problem in winter with greater satisfaction than any other style of house known to the American builder.

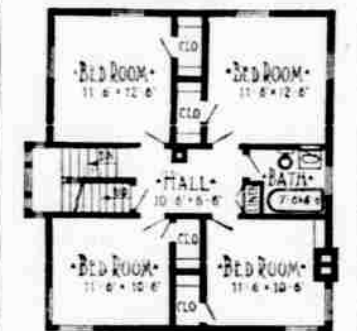
The principle of the circulation of warm air applies splendidly in a compact two-story house. The tendency of hot air is to rise, because hot air is lighter than cold air. In applying this principle the cold air is taken in from outside through the cold-air boxes and is sent through the furnace to the rooms on the first floor during the whole twenty-four hours. The upstairs registers usually are closed during the daytime in cold weather because the surplus heat from the first floor finds its way to the upper rooms through the stairway. The upper rooms are also warmed to a certain degree through the floors. This is written with a warm-air furnace in mind. The same principle applies to a certain extent when the hot-water system of heating is employed.

The house, shown in this design is set well up on a concrete wall, in a way to make a splendid basement that

so that the two rooms may be made into one by opening both doors clear back.

For this reason the buffet sideboard is built against the back of the dining room to avoid any unnecessary obstruction in the main part of the room. The living room and dining room are both made especially light and airy by two triple windows and three single windows. The present fashion is to have plenty of light in the living rooms, and it is a good fashion that should remain in vogue for the next thousand years. The history of house windows reads wider with each century.

An interesting feature of this house is the manner in which the stairway is built. To commence with, there is a grade entrance at the side of the house which leads down into the cellar and up into the kitchen, a combination that is used in a great many modern houses. The same economy of space and travel is employed in the stairway to the second floor and to the attic. It doubles back from a landing half way between floors. The landing is provided for by an extension built as a space saver to give plenty of length of stair run with wide treads and easy risers.



Second Floor Plan.

The extension also contains windows to light the stairway, and as it is artistically designed it adds to the general appearance of this side of the house.

A study of the second floor plan will show that every square foot of floor space works to advantage. There are four bedrooms and four closets all arranged on straight lines without shutting the light from any window and without any useless corners. Such a splendid arrangement of rooms is considered quite a triumph of skill on the part of an architect.

There is practically no wall space in the upper hallway. It is all taken up by the necessary doors. Even the linen closet is fitted from the bathroom, in-



is light and airy because of the large basement windows.

The front porch and front entrance show moderately massive construction which taken together with the general clean-cut appearance gives the house a rather prosperous look as seen from the street.

The tendency the last few years has been to make wider front walks and wider steps, as though house owners were growing broader in their views of life and more generous in hospitality. The front steps here shown are ten feet wide in the clear between the ramps, and the front door is built in proportion. The door is four feet six

though the two small linen closet doors open into the hallway.

The attic is of use only for storage purposes and for the drying of clothes on stormy washdays. For this reason there is a sensible stairway leading up to the attic and a door at the foot which closes it off from the rest of the house.

It is necessary to have a good wide lot for a house built after this design to show it to advantage. On general principles a full two-story square house may be put on a smaller lot than a wide spreading or squatty building, but any good dwelling deserves room enough to look right. When buying a lot for a home or planning a house for a lot already purchased it is well to keep in mind that any house looks best when it fits the lot.

The last around a good full two-story house requires different treatment from a low dwelling with an overhanging roof. Shrubbery and vines are needed for the proper finish of any dwelling, and room for these should be provided for when the plans are being drawn and the lot purchased.

### New Facts About Moses.

Bible questions that used to go pupils in the Sedgewick county rural schools, says a Kansas City correspondent of the New York Sun. Describing the funeral of Moses one boy wrote:

"It was on a still night when the rush of a train broke the silence and at daybreak he was buried at the foot of a mountain and let the dirt roll down on him."

Two of the answers to a Prodigal Son question were:

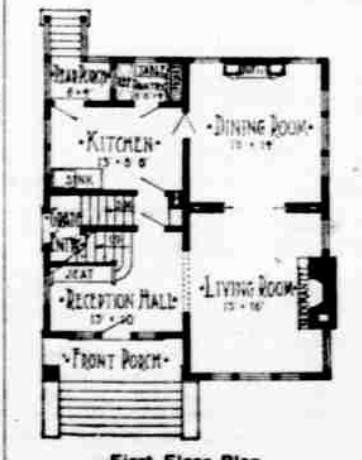
"The Prodigal Son went away from home and after a while he came back and said, 'Father, thou art a sinner.'"

"While he was yet a great way off his father came to meet him and fell on his dirty neck and kissed him."

### Not an Essential One.

"Pa, what's the difference t'ween the Wall street bulls and bees?"

"All the difference between a toos-up and a tight squeeze."



First Floor Plan.

In width and is flanked on both sides with the old-fashioned front door side lights. Such front entrance doors used to be plentiful, but they went out of fashion 20 or 30 years ago. They are now coming back into use because of real merit.

The floor plans of this house are just as interesting as the perspective. There are three living rooms and a reception hall on the first floor and there are four good square bedrooms and a bathroom on the second floor. The large living room and dining room are connected by an archway wide enough

## ARIZONA STATE NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

### DATES FOR COMING EVENTS.

Oct. 2-6—Meeting New Mexico Bankers' Association at Grand Canyon.

Nov. 12-15—Arizona State Fair at Phoenix.

Palo Verde has organized a home guard.

Miami is to have a new Catholic church.

Tucson women are forming an auxiliary home guard.

Miami is taking steps to organize a Board of Trade.

Arizona will organize many Red Cross associations.

In the Kenilworth district, 160 acres of barley was destroyed by fire.

Fourteen alleged bootleggers were taken in a wholesale raid at Bisbee.

The jury in the Johnson-Kilcoyne case returned a verdict of not guilty.

About 1,000 persons at Miami have already registered for the fall elections.

The Commercial Hotel at Phoenix was destroyed by fire, with an estimated loss of \$100,000.

Just now there is quite an activity in mines and mining properties throughout Pinal county.

Three Mexicans were killed and six injured, while working on the roads near Metcalf, by an explosion.

One that runs anywhere from \$10 to \$100 per ton is being found in bunches in the drift in the Black Range.

Twenty-five residents of Douglas, all arrested on charges of bootlegging were escorted through Bisbee on their way to Tombstone.

A deposit of high-grade copper ore of promising possibilities has been encountered at a depth of 400 feet in the workings of the Black Rock Company in Yavapai county.

The Arizona Supreme Court declared unconstitutional the initiative law adopted by the voters in 1914, providing for mother's and old age pensions.

Wholesale arrests of persons about Tucson hotels, restaurants and soft drink places, on charges of violating the prohibitory law, followed raids by county officers.

Four thousand dollars' worth of gold bullion and a carload of high-grade concentrates is the monthly output from the Tiger Gold property in the Bradshaw mountains.

In the Superior Court at Tombstone C. L. Brinkley, who was brought back from Los Angeles under extradition papers, on the charge of embezzlement, entered a plea of guilty.

The output of American mines for 1916, as seen in production for the first six months of the year, will reach new records the government bureau of mines statement says.

A tragedy of the mines was discovered at the Gold Trails property, about twenty miles southwest of Kingman, Randolph Alger and wife and an unknown miner being the victims.

Congress will be asked to relieve miners from doing their assessment work on claims near Ajo, on account of being compelled to abandon their claims owing to war conditions on the border.

United States soldiers of the border patrol at Douglas made their first crossing into Mexico territory, but returned to the Arizona side in a few minutes. The soldiers crossed the line in pursuit of Private Edward Stone, a deserter from the Arizona militia.

Some excellent samples of asbestos are on exhibition at Phoenix from Arizona mines.

Preliminary steps toward the construction of a narrow gauge railroad from Branaman station on the Phoenix & Eastern Railroad to the Snider mining property are being taken by George B. Crittenden.

A comely young American girl is thought to have been the cause of an attempted murder, perhaps successful, and a suicide at Douglas, shot Francis Kuri, a Syrian chauffeur, shot Francis J. Sullivan, an ex-soldier and then turned the gun on himself, blowing his brains out.

Record productions of all metals are predicted for the mines and smelters of Arizona this year. At the rate they are now working they will produce 600,000,000 pounds of copper, against 450,000,000 in 1915. A corresponding increase is noted in the output of precious metals, and in that of lead and zinc, which, at the greatly increased prices, will probably make the total value of the output in 1916 nearly double that of 1915, which was about \$88,000,000.

Gen. P. Elias Calles, military commander in Sonora, issued a statement through Consul Ives G. Leveier at Douglas, that he intended to preserve the best possible relations between Mexico and the United States, and would co-operate with the American authorities and that he would surrender the murderers of William Parker and his young wife at the Double Adobe ranch.